

FIDH calls on the Government of Ecuador to put an end to the repression.

Human rights organisations gathered at the 42nd Congress of the International Federation for Human Rights express their concern about the series of violations reported in Ecuador in the context of the recent national strike.

FIDH denounces that the General Regulation to the Organic Law on Social Transparency issued by Executive Decree No. 191 on 27 October 2025, while this Congress is in session, stipulate that social organisations that intervene directly or indirectly in activities defined by the government as contrary to legally constituted mining projects will be suspended for four years. This regulation directly undermines the work of Ecuadorian organisations, including the three leagues of Ecuador, in defending rights in mining contexts and jeopardises our legal existence.

On the other hand, according to Ecuadorian organisations that are members of the FIDH, during the 31 days of the strike called by the indigenous movement, there were 369 incidents of political persecution, 329 recorded victims, 123 acts of repression, 2 illegal raids, 2 militarised schools, 70 acts of financial harassment, 40 people injured, according to data collected by nine social organisations in Ecuador

(https://www.instagram.com/p/DQN6cIYjaQP/?igsh=MTc3d3VpdjVzeXNxbQ%3D%3D&img_index=1).

In addition, according to data from the Alliance of Human Rights Organisations, there have been 206 arbitrary detentions and three deaths. These figures demonstrate the violence perpetrated by Daniel Noboa's government, which seeks to impose a regressive regime in terms of human rights, peoples' rights and nature.

At the same time, the national government implemented laws to curtail freedom of association, ordered the closure of the bank accounts of activists, social and human rights organisations, and initiated unjustified proceedings for association and illicit enrichment.

FIDH demands that the Ecuadorian government cease its repression, guarantee the rights of those unjustly prosecuted on terrorism charges, facilitate investigations into the case to establish responsibility for the deaths, and cease its persecution of social organisations and leaders.

FIDH stands in solidarity with the people of Ecuador, social organisations and defenders, and hopes that dialogue will prevail as the mechanism for resolving social conflicts in the country. Freedom of organisation and the right to resistance are pillars of fundamental rights.